BGA824N6

BGA824N6 with improved rejection of LTE Band-13 (777-787 MHz) for GNSS Applications, 0201 components

Application Note AN334

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1 Introduction of Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)

The BGA824N6 is a front-end Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) for Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) application. It is based on Infineon Technologies' B7HF Silicon-Germanium (SiGe) technology, enabling a cost-effective solution in a TSNP-6-2 leadless package with ultra low noise figure, high linearity, low current consumption and high gain, over a wide range of supply voltages from 1.5 V up to 3.6 V. All these features make BGA824N6 an excellent choice for GNSS LNA as it improves sensitivity, provide better immunity against out-of-band jammer signals, reduces filtering requirement and hence the overall cost of the GNSS receiver.

The GNSS satellites are at an orbit altitude of more than 20,000 km away from earth's surface and transmit power in the range of +47 dBm. After taking losses (atmospheric, antenna etc.) into account, the received signal strength at the GNSS device input is very low in the range of -130 dBm. The ability of the GNSS device to receive such low signal strength and provide meaningful information to the end-user depends strongly on the noise figure of the GNSS receives chain. This ability which is called receiver sensitivity can be improved by using a low-noise amplifier with low noise figure and high gain at the input of the receiver chain. The improved sensitivity results in a shorter Time-To-First-Fix (TTFF), which is the time required for a GNSS receiver to acquire satellite signals and navigation data, and calculate a position. Noise figure of the LNA defines the overall noise figure of the GNSS receiver system. This is where BGA824N6 excels by providing noise figure as low as 0.55 dB and high gain of 17 dB, thereby improving the receiver sensitivity significantly.

The ever growing demand to integrate more and more functionality into one device leads to many challenges when transmitter/receiver has to work simultaneously without degrading the performance of each other. In today's smart-phones a GNSS receiver simultaneously co-exists with transceivers in the GSM/EDGE/UMTS/LTE bands. These 3G/4G transceivers transmit high power in the range of +24 dBm which due to insufficient isolation couple to the GNSS receiver. The cellular signals can mix to produce Intermodulation products exactly in the GNSS receiver frequency band. For example, GSM 1712.7 MHz mixes with UMTS 1850 MHz to produce third-order-product exactly at GPS band. To quantify the effect, BGA824N6

shows out-of-band input IP3 at GPS band of +7 dBm, as a result of frequency mixing between GSM 1712.7 MHz and UMTS 1850 MHz with power levels of -20 dBm. Due to this high out-of-band input 3rd order intercept point (IIP3), BGA824N6 is especially suitable for the GPS function in mobile phones.

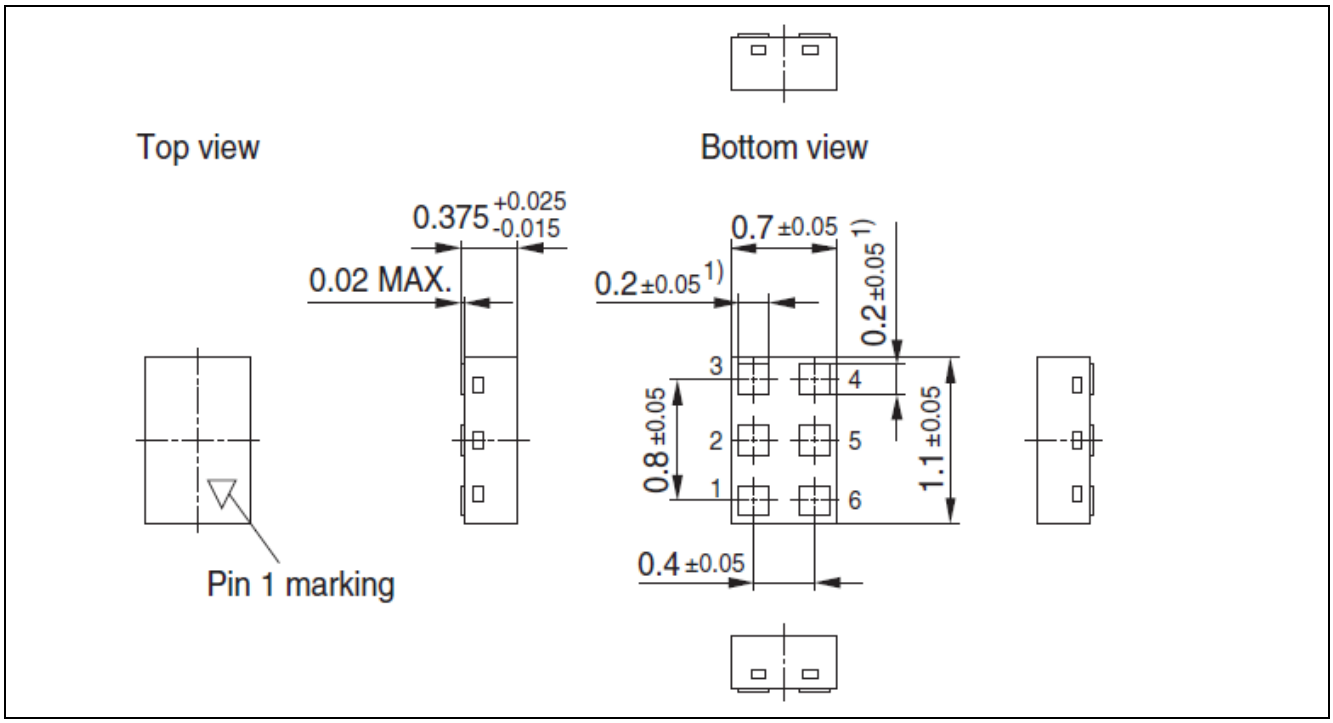


Figure 1 BGA824N6 TSNP-6-2 leadless Package size

As the industry inclines toward assembly miniaturization and also surface mount technology matures, there is a desire to have smaller and thinner components. This is especially the case with portable electronics where higher circuit density allows device design flexibility and also optimum use of the limited space available. BGA824N6 has a small package with dimensions of 0.70mm x 1.1mm x 0.375mm and it requires only one external component at its input, the inductor providing the input matching. The DC block at input is optional as it is usually provided by the pre-filter before the LNA in many GPS applications. All the device/phone manufacturers implement very good power supply filtering on their boards so that the RF bypass capacitor mentioned in this application circuit may not be needed in the end. The minimal number of external SMD components reduces the application bill of materials, assembly complexity and the PCB area thus making it an ideal solution for compact and cost-effective GNSS LNA. The output of the BGA824N6 is internally matched to 50 Ω, and a DC blocking capacitor is integrated on-chip, thus no external component is required at the output

The device also integrates an on-chip ESD protection which can resist until 2 kV (referenced to human body model) in all pins. The integrated power on/off feature provides for low power consumption and increased stand-by time for GNSS handsets. Moreover, the low current consumption (3.8 mA) makes the device suitable for portable technology like GNSS receivers and mobiles phones.

The Internal circuit block diagram of the BGA824N6 is presented in Figure 3. Table 1 shows the pin assignment of BGA824N6. Table 2 shows the truth table to turn on/off BGA824N6 by applying different voltage to the PON pin.

2 BGA824N6 Overview

2.1 Features

- High insertion power gain: 17.0 dB
- Out-of-band input 3rd order intercept point: +7 dBm
- Input 1 dB compression point: -6 dBm
- Low noise figure: 0.55 dB
- Low current consumption: 3.8 mA
- Operating frequencies: 1550 - 1615 MHz
- Supply voltage: 1.5 V to 3.6 V
- Digital on/off switch (1 V logic high level)
- Ultra small TSNP-6-2 leadless package (footprint: 0.7 x 1.1 mm^2)
- B7HF Silicon Germanium technology
- RF output internally matched to 50 Ω
- Only 1 external SMD component necessary
- 2 kV HBM ESD protection (including AI-pin)
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package

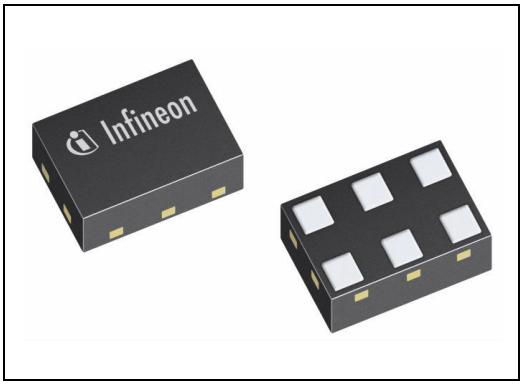


Figure 2 BGA824N6 in TSNP-6-2

2.2 Key Applications of BGA824N6

➢ Ideal for all Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) like
- GPS (Global Positioning System) working in the L1 band at 1575.42 MHz
- GLONASS (Russian GNSS) working in the L1 band from 1598.06 MHz to 1605.38 MHz
- Galileo (European GNSS) working in the E2-L1-E1 band from 1559 MHz to 1592 MHz
- COMPASS (Chinese Beidou Navigation System) working in E2 band at 1561.10 MHz and E1 band at 1589.74 MHz

2.3 Description

The BGA824N6 is a front-end low noise amplifier for Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) from 1550 MHz to 1615 MHz like GPS, GLONASS, Beidou, Galileo and others. The LNA provides 17.0 dB gain and 0.55 dB noise figure at a current consumption of 3.8 mA in the application configuration described in **Chapter 3**. The BGA824N6 is based upon Infineon Technologies B7HF Silicon Germanium technology. It operates from 1.5 V to 3.6 V supply voltage.

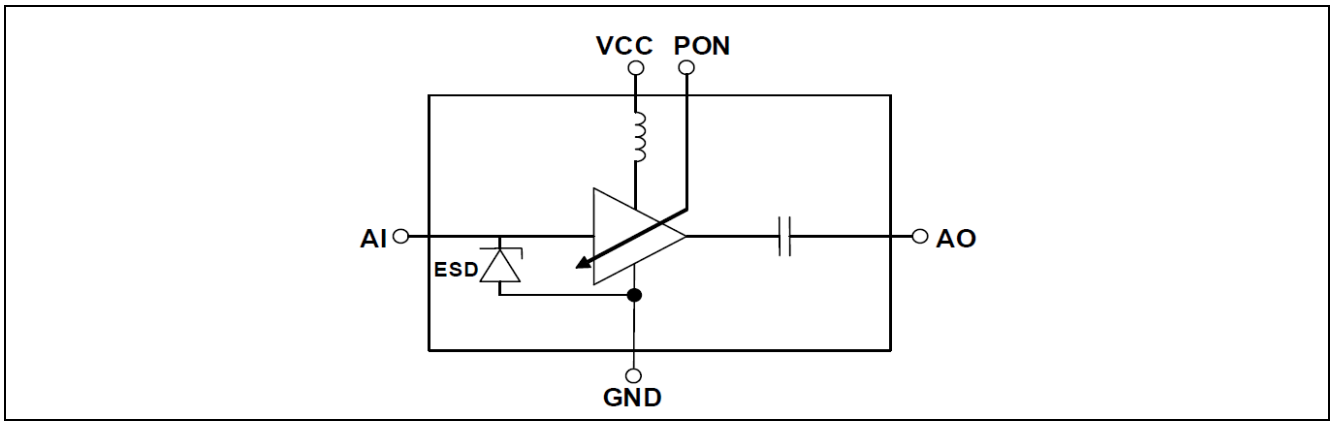


Figure 3 Equivalent Circuit Block diagram of BGA824N6

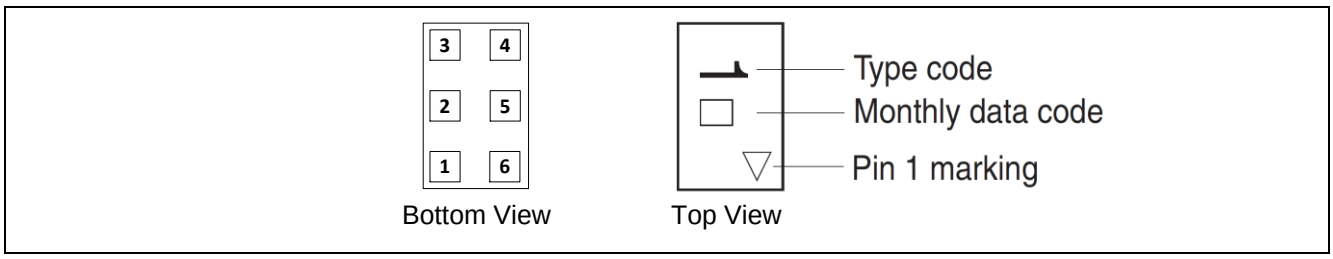


Figure 4 Package and pin connections of BGA824N6

Table 1 Pin Assignment of BGA824N6

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Ground
2	VCC	DC supply
3	AO	LNA output
4	GND	Ground
5	AI	LNA input
6	PON	Power on control

Table 2 Pin Assignment of BGA824N6

LNA Mode	Symbol	ON/OFF Control Voltage at PON pin	
		Min	Max
ON	PON, on	1.0 V	VCC
OFF	PON, off	0 V	0.4 V

3 Application Circuit and Performance Overview

Device: BGA824N6

Application: BGA824N6 with improved rejection of LTE Band-13 (777-787 MHz) for GNSS Applications, 0201 components

PCB Marking: BGA824N6

3.1 Summary of Measurement Results

Table 3 Electrical Characteristics for COMPASS/Galileo at Vcc = Vpon = 1.8 V

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Comment/Test Condition
DC Voltage	Vcc	1.8			V	
DC Current	Icc	3.9			mA	
Navigation System	Sys	COMPASS/ Galileo	GPS	GLONASS		
Frequency Range	Freq	1559-1593	1575.42	1598-1606	MHz	
Gain	G	16.4	16.3	16.2	dB	
Noise Figure	NF	0.89	0.88	0.86	dB	PCB and SMA losses 0.08 dB are substracted
Input Return Loss	RLin	11.1	11	11.1	dB	
Output Return Loss	RLout	31	29.8	22.8	dB	
Reverse Isolation	IRev	23	23	23	dB	
Input P1dB	IP1dB	-10.1	-10.1	-9.8	dBm	f_{gal} = 1559 MHz f_{gps} = 1575.42 MHz $f_{GLONASS}$ = 1605 MHz
Output P1dB	OP1dB	5.3	5.2	5.4	dBm	
Input IP3 In-band	IIP3	-7.4	-7.2	-6.7	dBm	$f_{1\,gal}$ = 1559 MHz, $f_{2\,gal}$ = 1560 MHz, f_{1gps} = 1575.42 MHz, f_{2gps} = 1576.42 MHz $f_{1GLONASS}$ = 1602 MHz, $f_{2GLONASS}$ = 1603 MHz Input power= -35 dBm
Output IP3 In-band	OIP3	9	9.1	9.5	dBm	
LTE band-13 2nd Harmonic	H2-iput referred	-118.1				f_{IN} = 787.76 MHz, P_{IN} = -25 dBm; f_{H2} = 1575.52 MHz
Input IP3 Out-of-band	$IIP3_{OOB}$	7.3				f_1 = 1712.7 MHz, P_{1IN} = -25 dBm; f_2 = 1850 MHz, P_{2IN} = -65 dBm; f_{IIP3} = 1575.4 MHz
Stability	k	>1			--	Unconditionnally Stable from 0 to 10GHz

Table 4 Electrical Characteristics for COMPASS/Galileo at Vcc = Vpon = 2.8 V

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Comment/Test Condition
DC Voltage	Vcc	2.8			V	
DC Current	Icc	4.0			mA	
Navigation System	Sys	COMPASS/ Galileo	GPS	GLONASS		
Frequency Range	Freq	1559-1593	1575.42	1598-1606	MHz	
Gain	G	16.5	16.4	16.3	dB	
Noise Figure	NF	0.89	0.88	0.86	dB	PCB and SMA losses 0.08dB are substracted
Input Return Loss	RLin	11.2	11.2	11.2	dB	
Output Return Loss	RLout	34.3	27.2	20.9	dB	
Reverse Isolation	IRev	24	24	24	dB	
Input P1dB	IP1dB	-8.9	-8.7	-8	dBm	f_{gal} = 1559 MHz f_{gps} = 1575.42 MHz $f_{GLONASS}$ = 1605 MHz
Output P1dB	OP1dB	6.6	6.7	7.7	dBm	
Input IP3 In-band	IIP3	-7.3	-7.1	-6.7	dBm	$f_{1\,gal}$ = 1559 MHz, $f_{2\,gal}$ = 1560 MHz, f_{1gps} = 1575.42 MHz, f_{2gps} = 1576.42 MHz $f_{1GLONASS}$ = 1602 MHz, $f_{2GLONASS}$ = 1603 MHz Input power= -35 dBm
Output IP3 In-band	OIP3	7.6	9.3	9.6	dBm	
LTE band-13 2nd Harmonic	H2-input referred	-118.2				f_{IN} = 787.76 MHz, P_{IN} = -25 dBm; f_{H2} = 1575.52 MHz
Input IP3 Out-of-band	$IIP3_{OOB}$	7.4				f_1 = 1712.7 MHz, P_{1IN} = -25 dBm; f_2 = 1850 MHz, P_{2IN} = -65 dBm; f_{IIP3} = 1575.4 MHz
Stability	k	>1			--	Unconditionnally Stable from 0 to 10GHz

3.2 Summary BGA824N6 as 1550-1615 MHz LNA for GNSS

This application note addresses the issue of out-of-band jammers and improving the immunity of BGA824N6 against LTE Band-13 jammers.

The jamming resistance of BGA824N6 against B13 jammer is improved by increasing the attenuation of the circuit at Band-13 (777-787 MHz). This is achieved by placing a notch filter using external SMDs before BGA824N6. The component values are fine tuned so as to have optimal noise figure, jammer rejection, gain and input matching.

The circuit requires only three 0201 passive components including the notch filters. It has in band gain of 16.5 dB. The circuit achieves input return loss better than 11 dB, as well as output return loss better than 20 dB. At room temperature the noise figure is 0.88 dB (SMA and PCB losses are subtracted) for the GPS frequecncy. Furthermore, the circuit is unconditionally stable till 10 GHz.

At GPS frequency, using two tones spacing of 1 MHz, the output third order intercept point IIP3 reaches 9.3 dBm. And for the GLONASS frequency band, OIP3 reaches 9.6 dBm. Input P1dB of the GNSS LNA is about -8.7 dBm for the GPS frequency and -8 dBm for GLONASS frequency band. And this circuit shows very good input reffered H2 performance of -118.2 dBm for GPS frequency.

3.3 Schematics and Bill-of-Materials

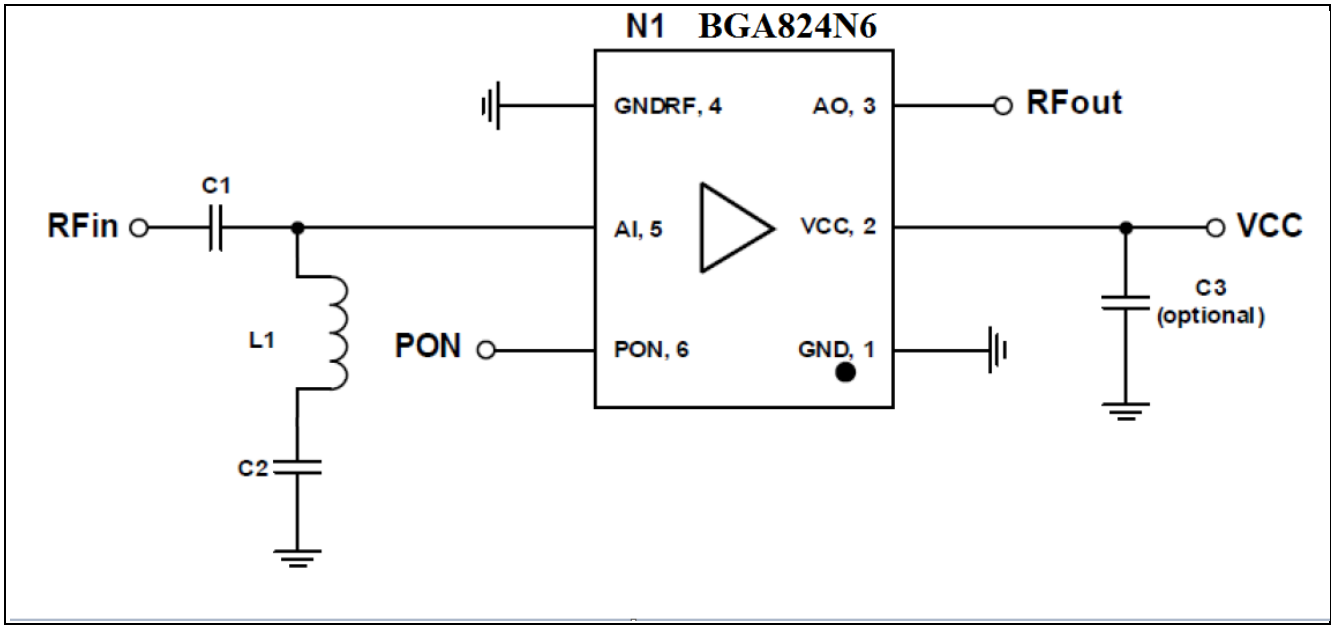


Figure 5 Schematic of the BGA824N6 Application Circuit

Table 5 Bill-of-Materials

Symbol	Value	Unit	Size	Manufacturer	Comment
C1	1.8	pF	0201	Various	DC block/Input matching
L1	6.8	nH	0201	Murata LQP type	Input matching and 787.76 MHz Notch
C2	5.6	pF	0201	Various	Input matching and 787.76 MHz Notch
C3 (optional)	10	nF	0201	Various	RF bypass
N1	BGA824N6		TSNP-6-2	Infineon	SiGe LNA

4 Measurement Graphs

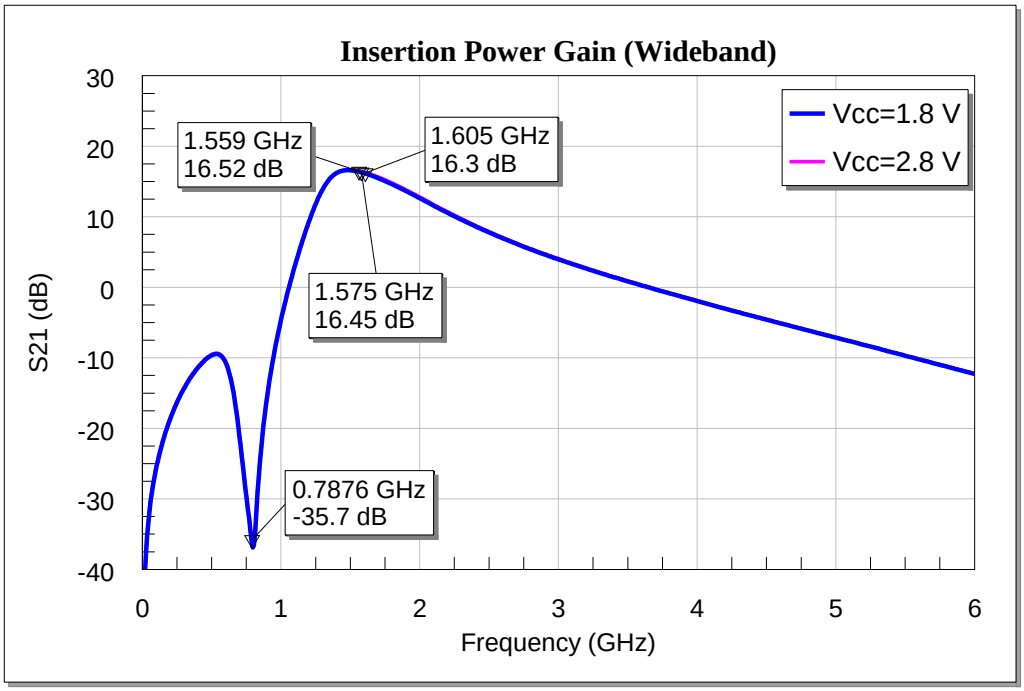


Figure 6 Power gain of BGA824N6 for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

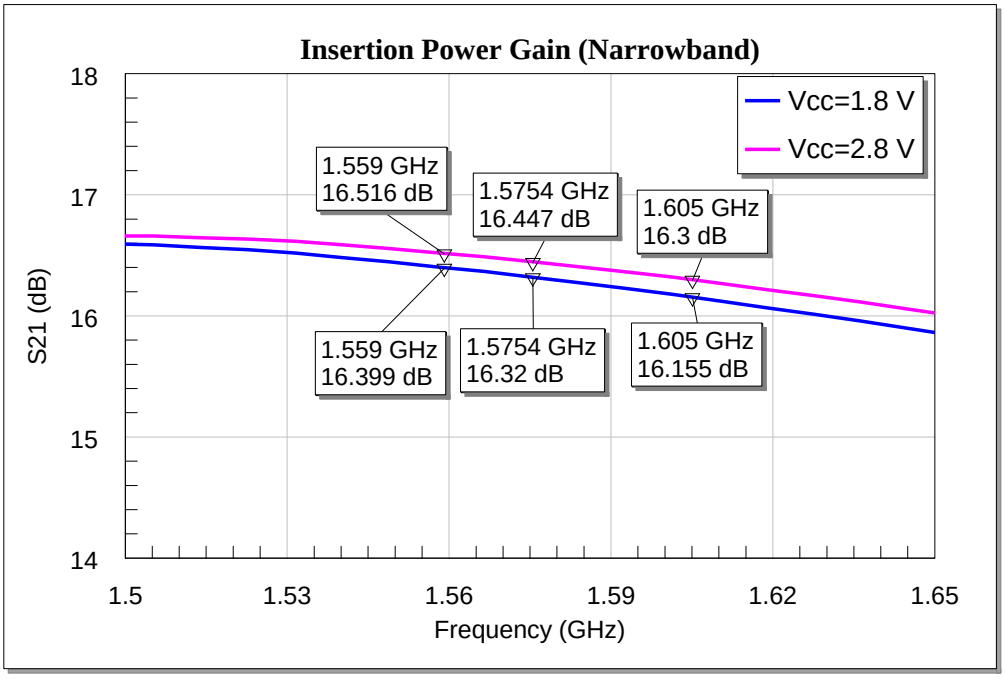


Figure 7 Narrowband power gain of BGA824N6 for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

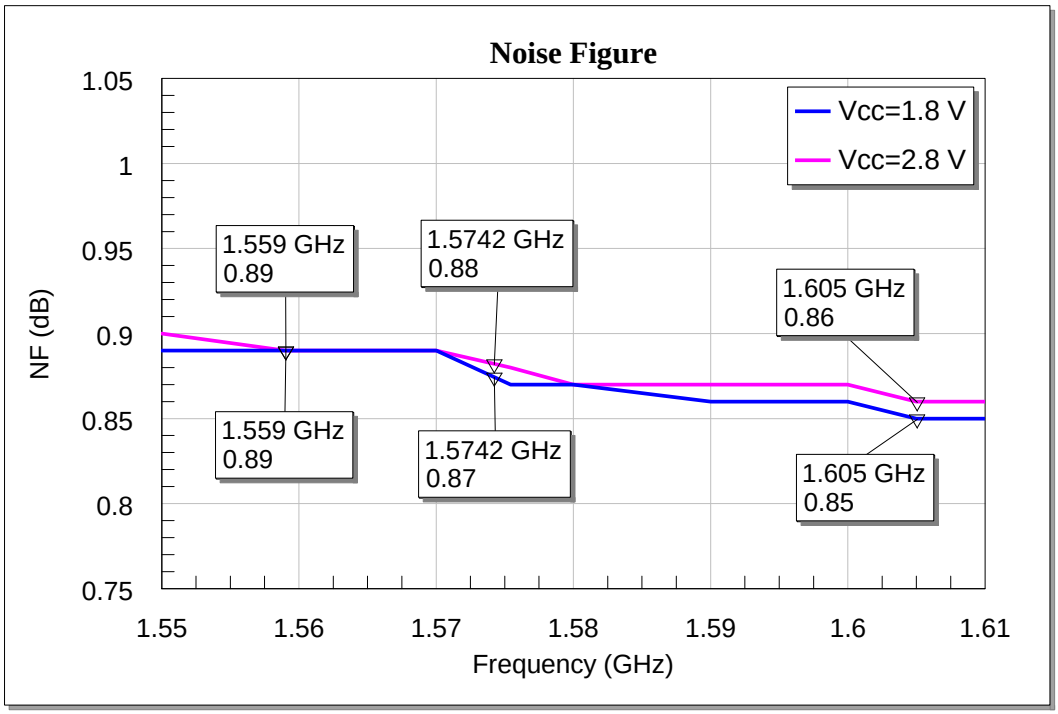


Figure 8 Noise figure of BGA824N6 for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

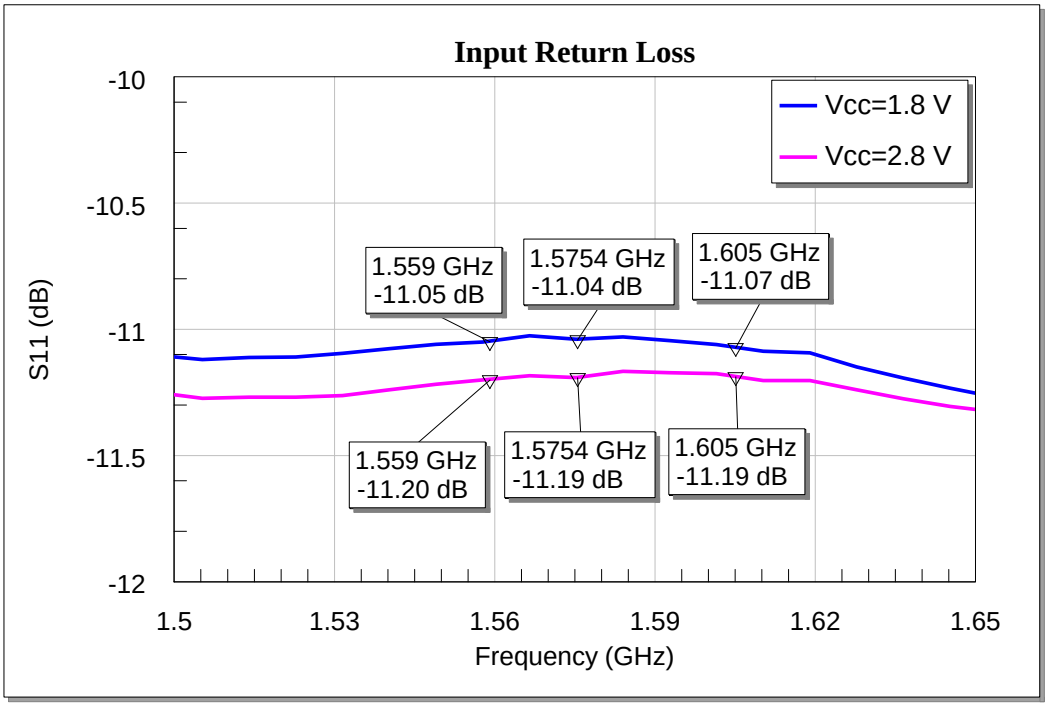


Figure 9 Input matching of BGA824N6 for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

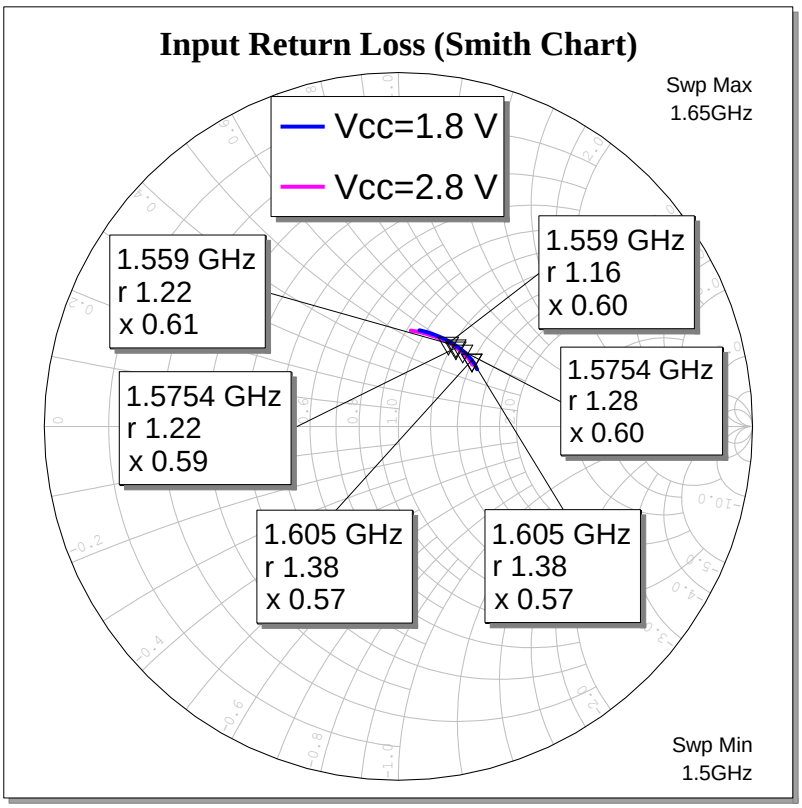


Figure 10 Input matching smith chart for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

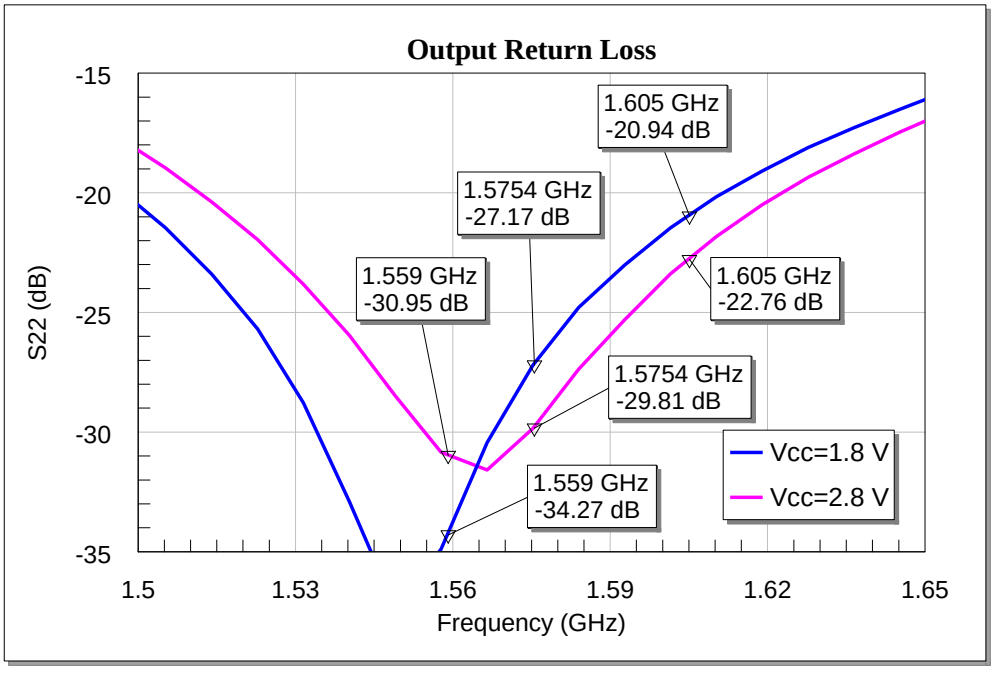


Figure 11 Output matching of BGA824N6 for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

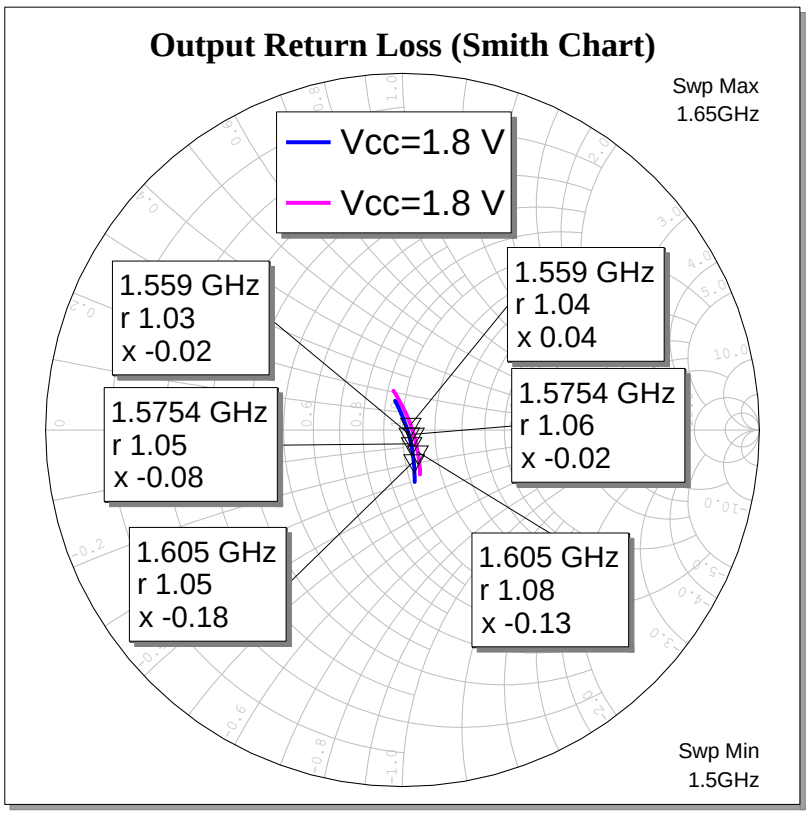


Figure 12 Output matching smith chart for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

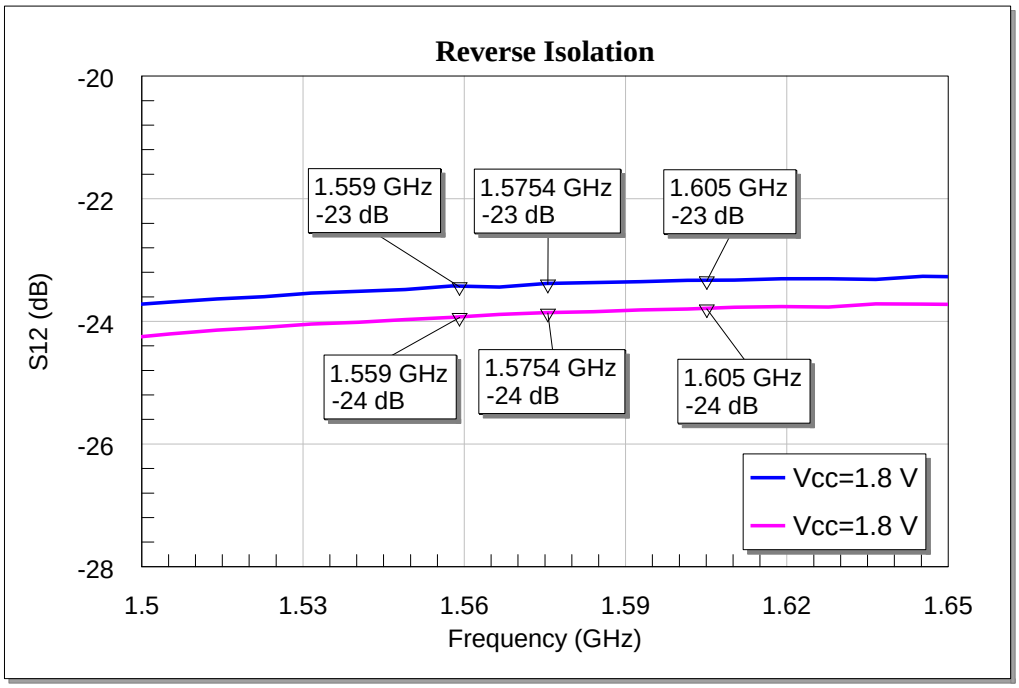


Figure 13 Reverse isolation of BGA824N6 for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

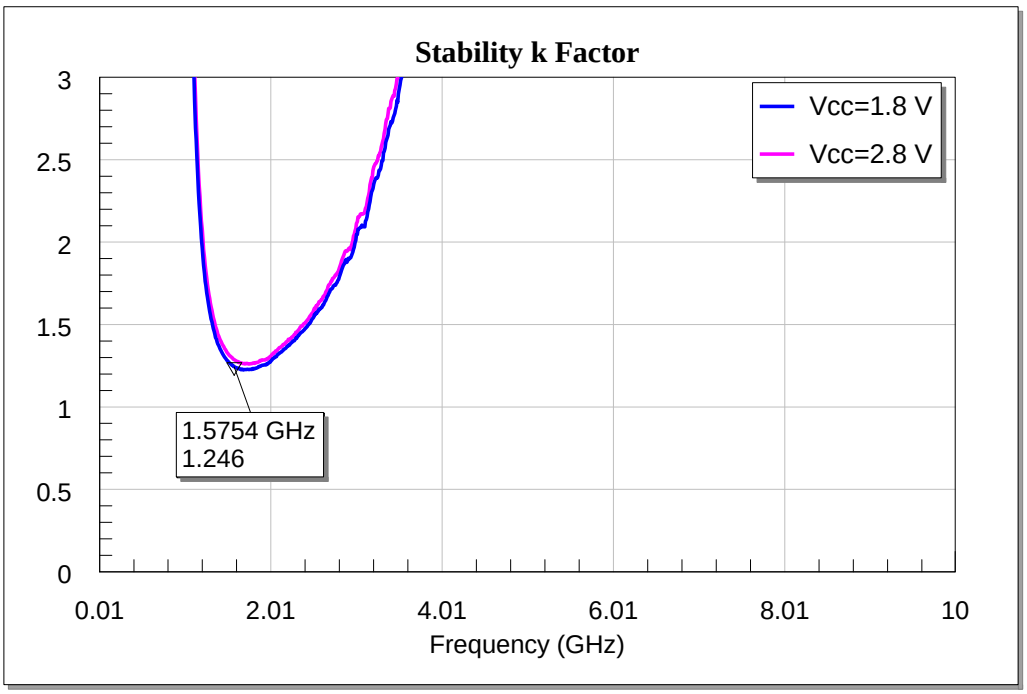


Figure 14 Stability factor k of BGA824N6 upto 10 GHz

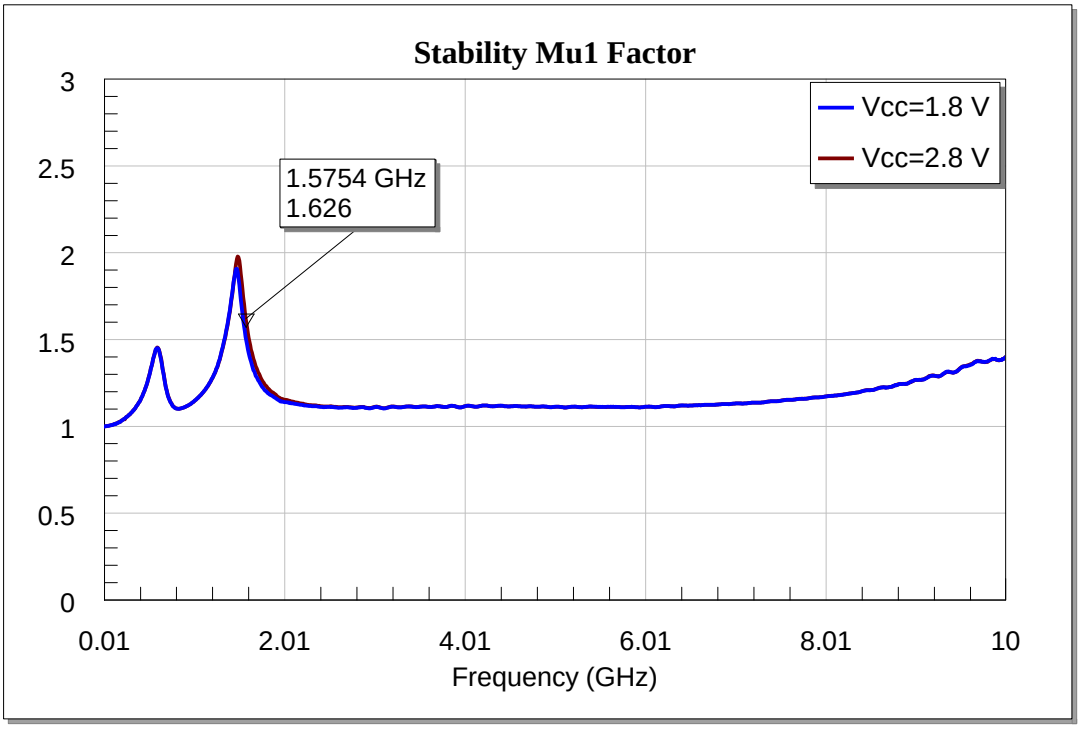


Figure 15 Stability factor µ1 of BGA824N6 upto 10 GHz

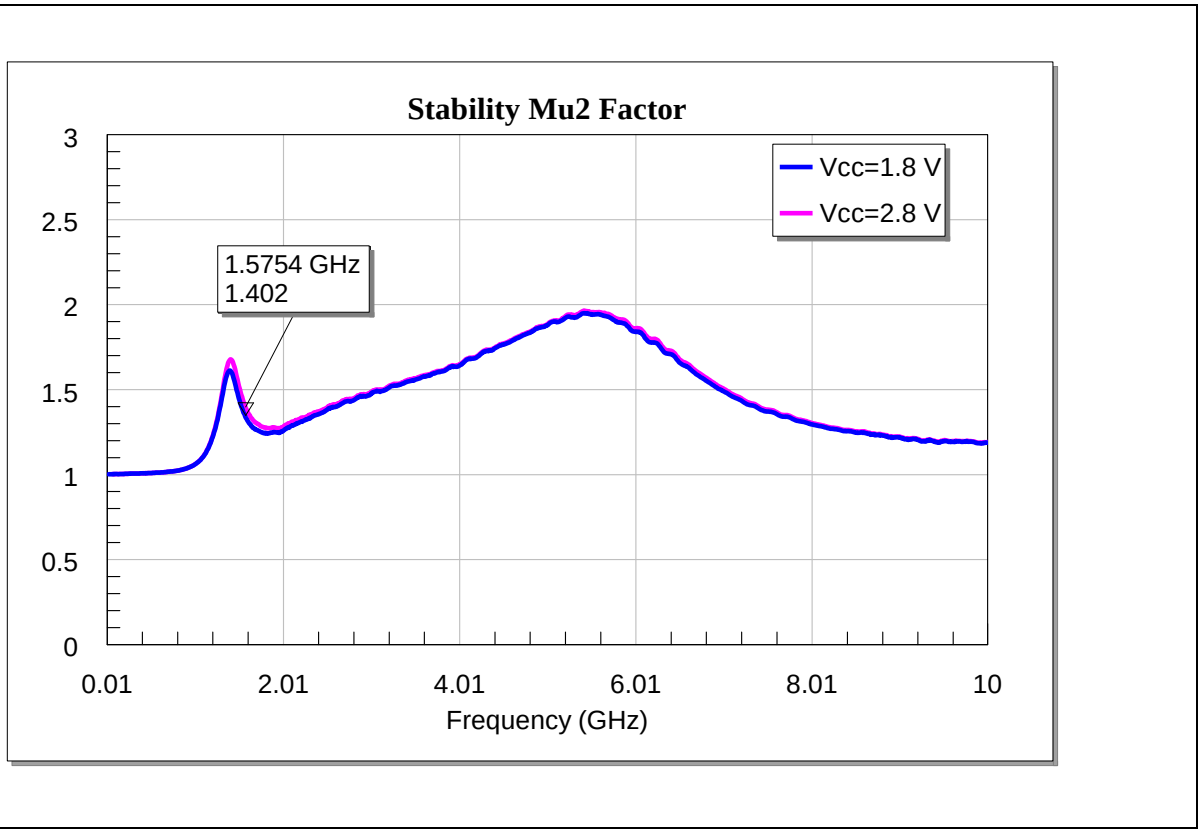


Figure 16 Stability factor µ2 of BGA824N6 upto 10 GHz

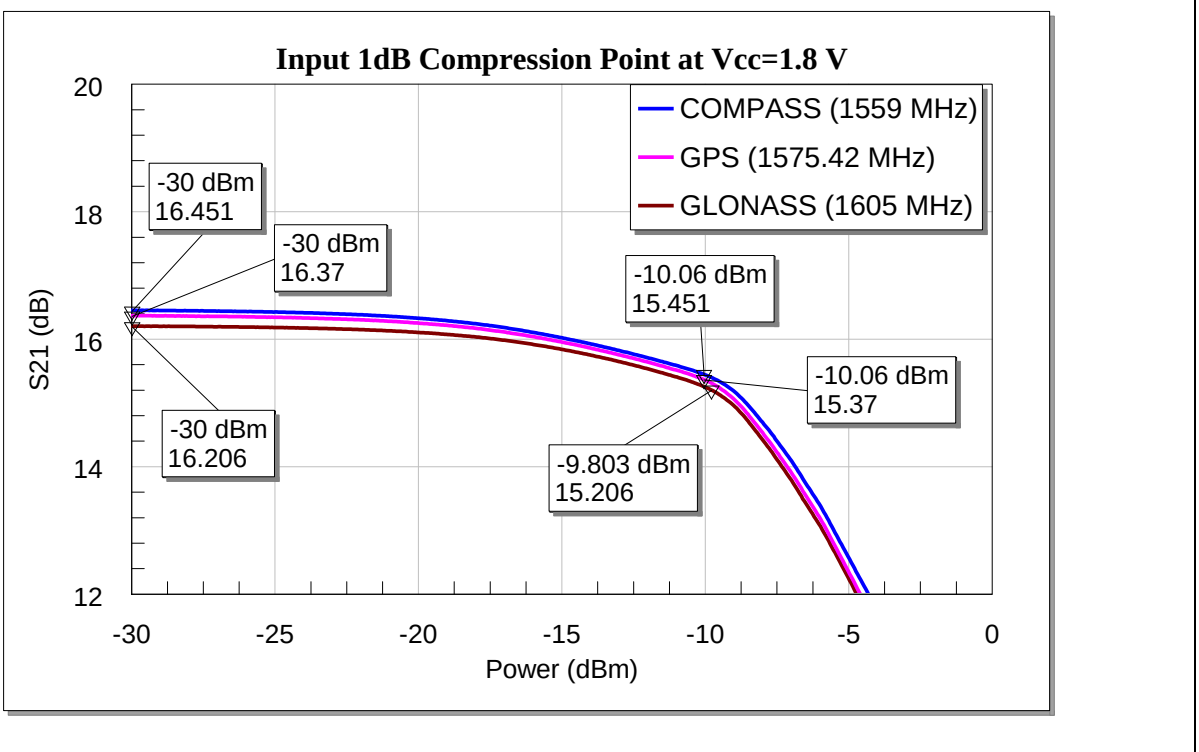


Figure 17 Input 1 dB compression point of BGA824N6 at supply voltage of 1.8 V for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

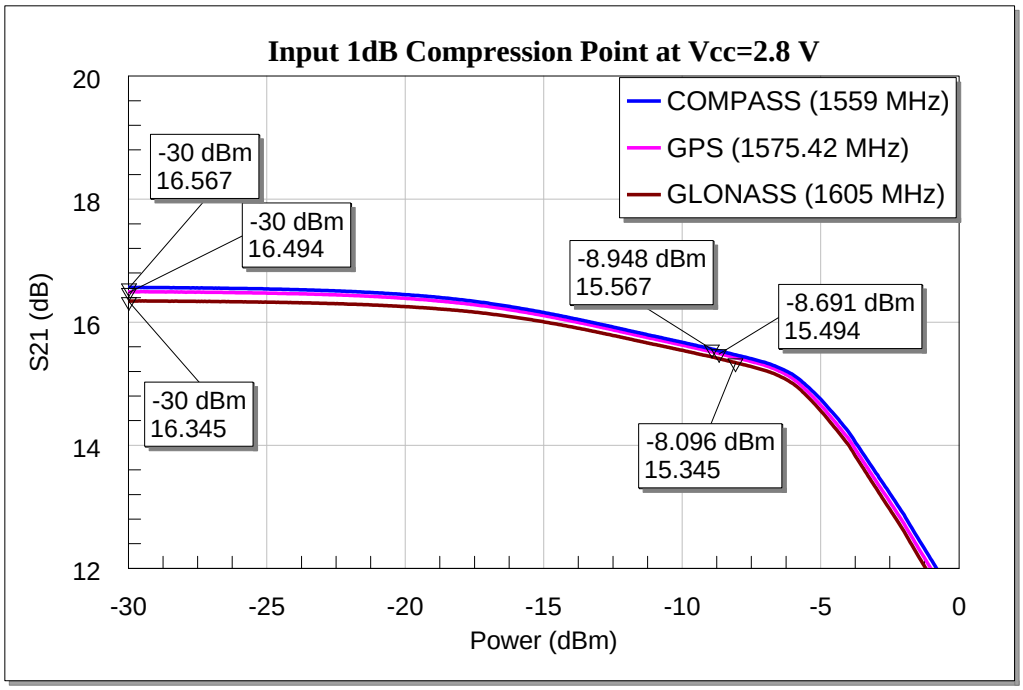


Figure 18 Input 1 dB compression point of BGA824N6 at supply voltage of 2.8 V for COMPASS, Galileo, GPS and GLONASS bands

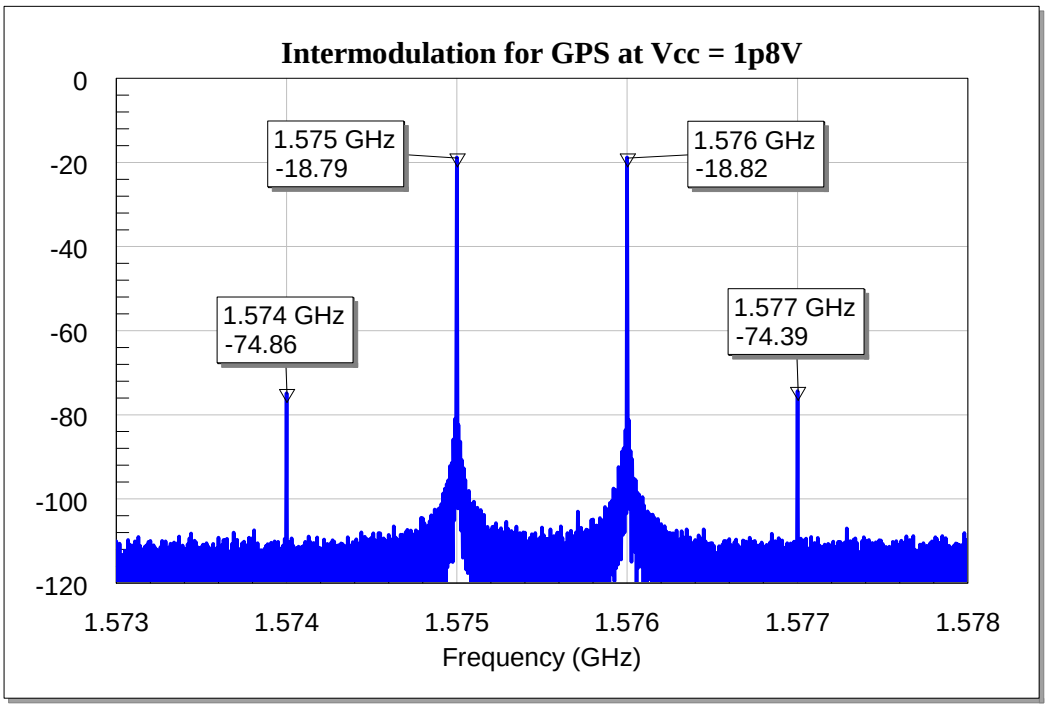


Figure 19 Carrier and intermodulation products of BGA824N6 for GPS band at Vcc=1.8 V

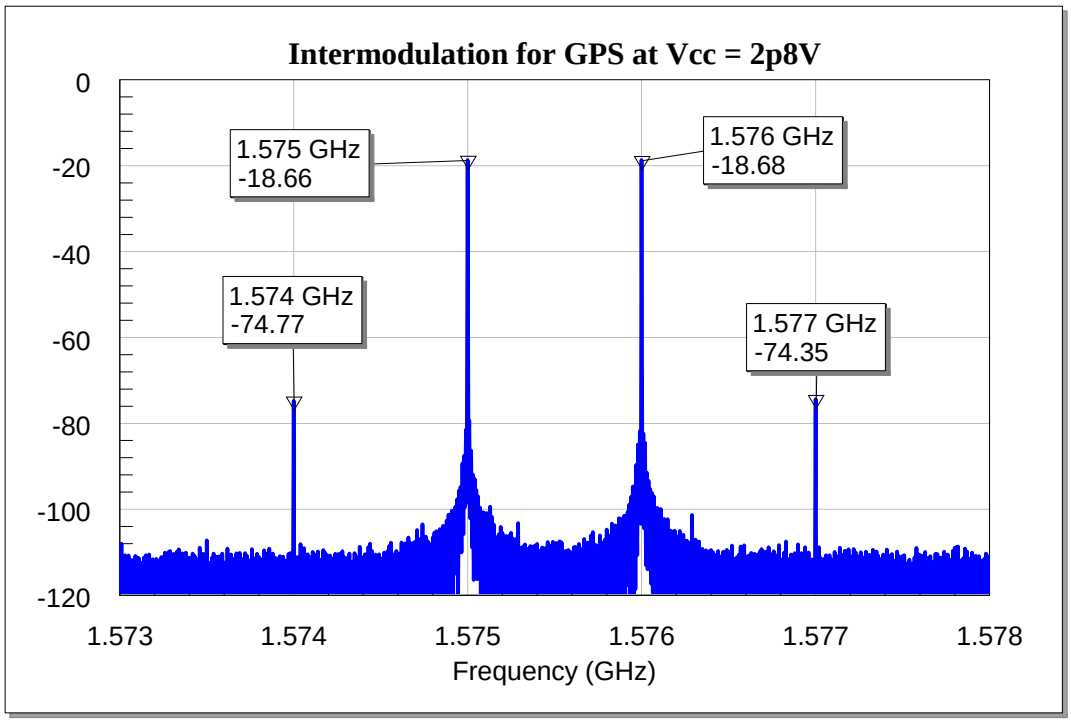


Figure 20 Carrier and intermodulation products of BGA824N6 for GPS band at Vcc=2.8 V

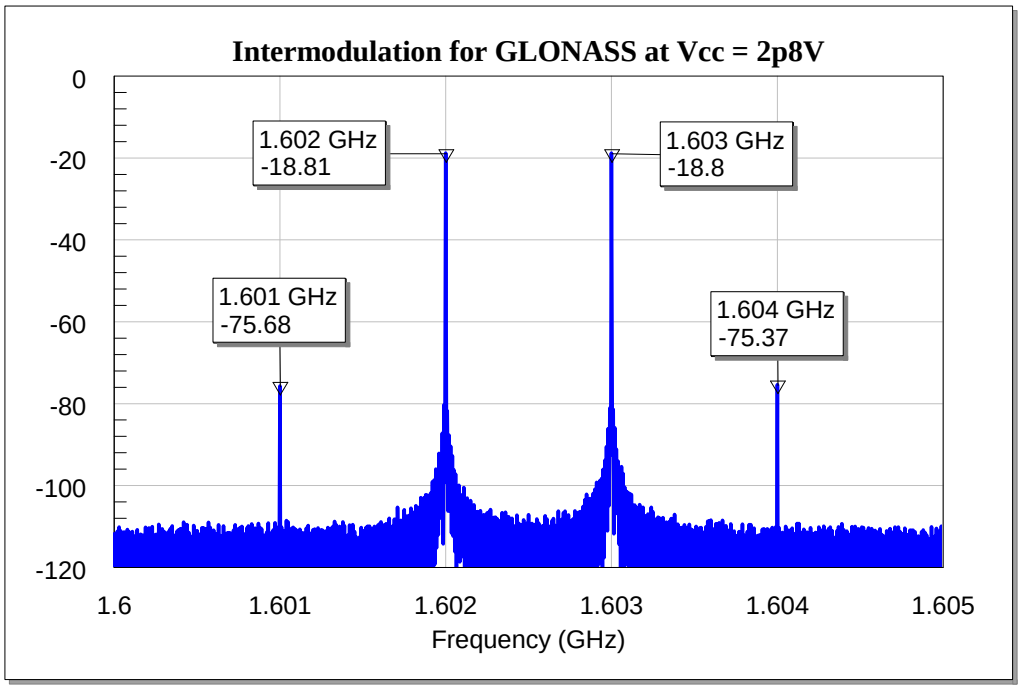


Figure 21 Carrier and intermodulation products of BGA824N6 for GLONASS band at Vcc=2.8 V

5 Evaluation Board and Layout Information

In this application note, the following PCB is used:

PCB material: FR4

ε_r of PCB material: 4.3

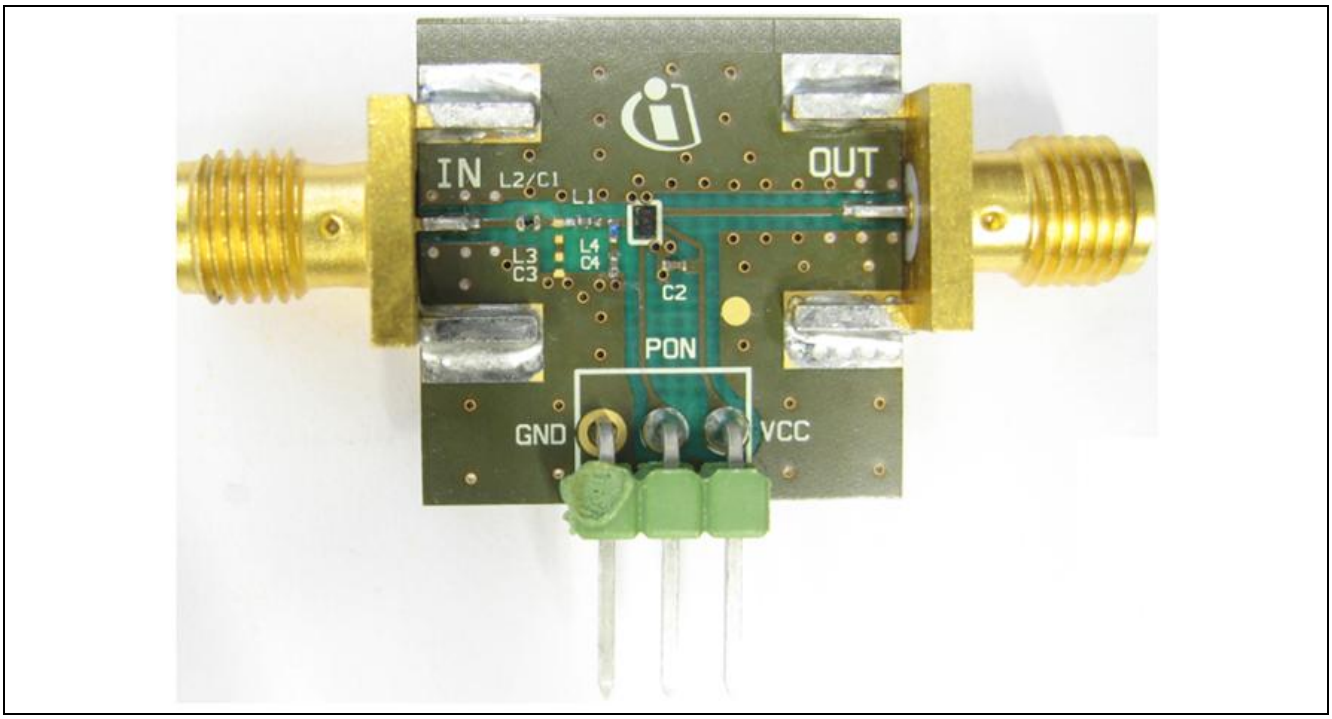


Figure 22 Picture of Evaluation Board (overview)

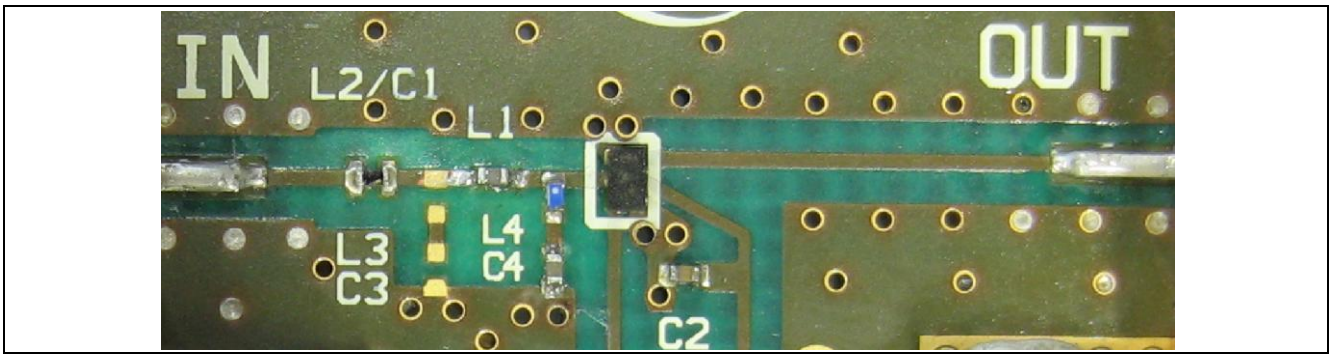


Figure 23 Picture of Evaluation Board (detailed view)

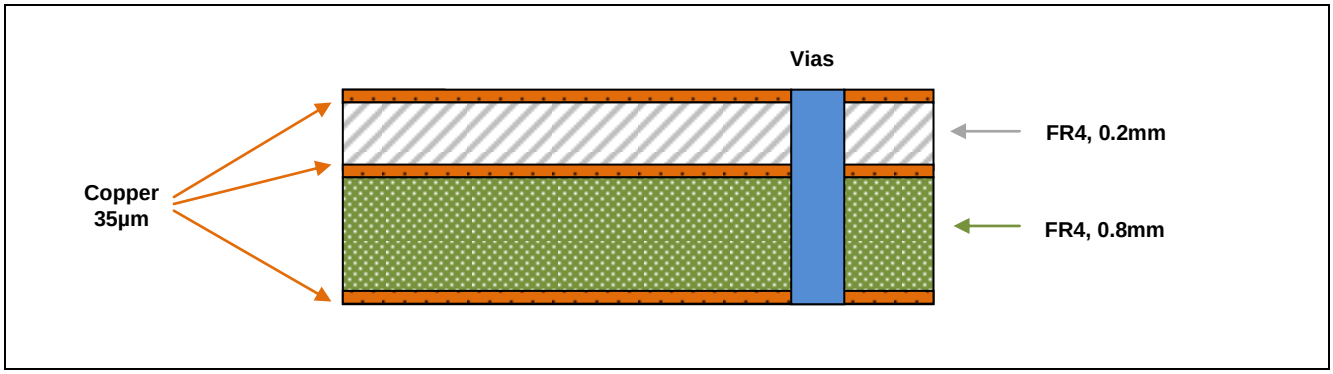


Figure 24 PCB Layer Information

6 Authors

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Jagjit Singh Bal, Application Engineer of Business Unit “RF and Protection Devices”

7 Remark

The graphs are generated with the simulation program AWR Microwave Office®.

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